



**SERVICE PROVIDER WATER
RESTRICTION**

**PERMANENT CONSERVATION
MEASURES**

EFFECTIVE FROM 11 DECEMBER 2010

SERVICE PROVIDER WATER RESTRICTION PERMANENT CONSERVATION MEASURES

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SCHEDULE 1

1. High Volume Water Users

Restrictions on Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
<p>1.1 Residential Premises - Domestic consumption.</p>	<p>On residential premises where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the volume of water that is taken from the reticulated (town) supply system for use on the premises exceeds 1200 litres per day, when averaged over either the service provider's usual meter reading cycle, or a specific meter reading cycle; and (b) the customer and/or occupier of the premises has been notified by the service provider that the premises is using more than 1200 litres per day ("excessive water use notice"); <p>the service provider must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) determine the volume of water that may be taken for the notified premises ("the allowable limit"); and (b) for each subsequent meter reading cycle where the allowable limit is exceeded at the premises issue an excessive water use notice to the customer and to the occupier of the premises, notifying the allowable limit for the premises and that the allowable limit has been exceeded. <p>The allowable limit for the premises is to be calculated on the basis that the average consumption should not exceed the greater of 1200 litres per day or in the case of five or more residents, 300 litres per resident per day, unless exemption criteria specified in the <i>Residential High Water Users Program – Procedures</i> are satisfied.</p> <p>When two excessive water use notices have been issued by the service provider in consecutive meter reading cycles in relation to premises for exceeding the allowable limit for those premises, then:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. an Outdoor Water Ban applies to the premises with the effect that water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used in any outdoor area of the premises except for the topping up of existing swimming pools and spas as provided for in Restriction 3.2; and B. where such an Outdoor Water Ban has been imposed under this restriction, the service provider must notify the customer and the occupier of the premises: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. that an Outdoor Water Ban under this Restriction has been imposed upon the use of water at the premises; ii. the commencement date of the Outdoor Water Ban; iii. that the Outdoor Water Ban upon the use of water at the premises will remain in place until the service provider is satisfied that for the full period of the usual meter reading cycle for the premises, water consumption at the premises is at or below the allowable limit; and iv. that any infringement of the Outdoor Water Ban upon the use of water at the premises is an infringement of this Water Restriction and that penalties will apply to such an infringement. <p>If premises are notified under this Restriction the <i>Residential High Water Users Program</i> will apply. This Program directs the water service provider in relation to the Program's implementation and also establishes a mechanism for customers and/or occupiers of premises to make submissions to the water service provider as to why the premises should be outside the operation of this Restriction.</p>

Restrictions on Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
1.2 Residential Premises - Target for Residential Consumption.	The nominal target for residential water consumption under this level is 200 litres/person/day. This reflects the corresponding target within the Queensland Water Commission arrangements.

Restrictions on Non-Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
1.3 Non-Residential Premises – Where consumption is 10 ML/year or greater.	<p>On such non-residential premises with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) an actual annual metered water consumption of 10 ML or greater based on the most recent four quarterly rating periods, the most recent two half yearly rating periods or, the last 12 month rating period (as applicable); or (b) an estimated annual consumption for the premises based on an extrapolation of the water consumption as set out in the available rating periods that is 10 ML or greater; (c) where as part of a development planning approval, the service provider gives notice to the customer at the premises; <p>the service provider may require the customer by written notice to prepare a water efficiency management plan (WEMP) and submit that plan to the service provider for consideration for approval.</p> <p>The service provider may also, with the approval of the Chief Executive, require customers using less than 10 ML in the 12 month period by written notice to prepare and submit a WEMP.</p> <p>A non-residential customer, where directed by the service provider to prepare a WEMP, has the following responsibilities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Submitting a WEMP to the service provider by the required date; ii. Ensuring the WEMP is prepared in accordance with the <i>WEMP Guidelines</i> provided by the service provider; iii. Ensuring compliance with the WEMP; iv. Reporting annually to the service provider on water use and compliance with their submitted WEMP in accordance with the <i>WEMP guidelines</i>; and v. Updating the service provider of any changes in activity that could have impacted on water use. <p>In every case, where an individual item of equipment, process or facility consumes a significant proportion* of the total volume of water used on the premises:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. a sub-meter is to be installed by a licensed plumber on the supply line for that operational process, facility or item of equipment; and B. for each sub-meter, a written record is to be kept in accordance with the requirements of the <i>WEMP Guidelines</i>. <p>* Note: The volume of water that constitutes a "significant proportion" is as specified in <u>Schedule 2 Definitions (p20)</u>.</p> <p>The operation of this Restriction is in accordance with Chapter 2, Part 3, Division 6 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>.</p> <p>This Restriction does not operate to require the re-submission of a Water Conservation Plan that was approved or submitted for approval under the previous service provider water restrictions, unless required in writing by the service provider.</p>

2. Gardens and Lawns

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
2.1 Residential and Non-Residential Premises – Established gardens and lawns.	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system <u>is permitted</u> to be used for the watering of <u>established gardens and lawns</u>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) On any day except Monday, and before 10:00 am and after 4:00 pm; <u>and</u> b) Using the following devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i). Bucket or watering can; (ii). Hand-held hose with trigger or twist nozzle; (iii). Efficient irrigation system*; or (iv). Efficient sprinkler*. <p>* The Queensland Water Commission's <i>Efficient Irrigation for Water Conservation Guideline</i> provides information on efficient irrigation and watering to ensure compliance with this Restriction.</p> <p><u>Residents Eligible for a Concession</u></p> <p>Watering concessions do not apply to this restriction level.</p>

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
2.2 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Newly established gardens and lawns.	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system <u>is permitted</u> to be used for the watering of <u>newly established gardens and lawns</u>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) <u>At any time on the day of establishment only; and</u> b) <u>Thereafter as for established gardens and lawns in accordance with s2.1.</u>

Restrictions on Non-Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
<p>2.3 Non-Residential Premises - Large scale gardens and lawns (established and newly established)</p>	<p>For non-residential premises with an area to be irrigated that exceeds 500 square metres water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used except:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) where the water is used on the premises in accordance with a Water Conservation Plan (Irrigation) or (WCP) that has been submitted to the service provider responsible for the relevant local government area for approval but has not yet been approved; or b) the service provider has granted written approval to the entity operating the premises to submit a WCP by a particular date or; c) the water is used on the premises in accordance with an approved WCP; and d) where a copy of a WCP which is certified by a Certified Irrigation Professional* as covering the operation of an efficient irrigation system has been provided to the service provider responsible for the relevant local government area; and e) a sub-meter is installed by a licensed plumber on the supply line for the efficient irrigation system; and f) a written record is to be kept in accordance with the requirements of the <i>WEMP Guidelines</i>. <p>*Information on the development and certification of an irrigation water efficiency management plan is provided in the <i>WCP Guidelines</i>.</p>

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
<p>2.4 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Carnival Gardens (of formal entrant in Carnival of Flowers Garden Competition)</p>	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is <u>permitted</u> to be used for the watering of relevant <u>gardens and lawns</u>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) At any time; and b) Using the following devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Bucket or watering can; ii. Hand-held hose with trigger or twist nozzle; iii. Efficient irrigation system*; or iv. Efficient sprinkler*. <p>Eligible residents seeking to utilise this concession of eased watering times (clause (a) above) must apply in writing to Council on the appropriate form and follow any related administrative requirement including the provision of supporting material including any documentation relating to the Garden Competition entry. Council will advise in writing the success or otherwise of the application.</p> <p>The approved concession would include the following and any other conditions that the service provider requires to be applied:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. This concession is not transferable to another person. ii. This concession applies only to those garden and lawn areas which form part of the relevant Garden Competition entry. Watering of any other areas must be in accordance with the prevailing Permanent Conservation Measures for garden or lawn watering. <p>* The Queensland Water Commission's <i>Efficient Irrigation for Water Conservation Guideline</i> provides information on efficient irrigation and watering to ensure compliance with this Restriction.</p>

3. Pools and Water Play

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
3.1 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - New swimming pools and spas and renovated swimming pools or spas.	No restriction applies to the filling of new swimming pools and spas and renovated swimming pools and spas under Permanent Conservation Measures. <i>Once a new swimming pool or spa is filled, it becomes an 'existing swimming pool or spa'. Therefore water efficiency measures apply to the <u>topping up</u> of all swimming pools and spas in accordance with Restriction s3.2.</i>

Restrictions on Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
3.2 Residential Premises – Existing swimming pools and spas.	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for the topping up of swimming pools and spas, except where it can be demonstrated that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the premises has a rainwater tank installed or a downpipe rainwater diverter installed and connected to the relevant swimming pool or spa; and (b) all available water is used from the rainwater tank or downpipe rainwater diverter for topping up the swimming pool or spa before any water from the reticulated (town) water supply system is used for that purpose; and (c) the premises also complies with three of the following four measures being: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. a swimming pool or spa cover is used to cover the swimming pool or spa when the swimming pool or spa is not in use; or B. all showerheads on the premises are water efficient showerheads and all kitchen basin taps and bathroom basin taps on the premises are water efficient taps; or C. all toilets on the premises are water efficient toilets; or D. only water efficient washing machines are used on the premises; <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (d) the pool is accredited as a SPASA EcoPool. <p>When topping up a swimming pool or spa in accordance with this Restriction it is not required that the hose be held by hand.</p> <p><u>Compliance with this Restriction</u> may be demonstrated by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) producing a certificate from a licensed plumber certifying that the premises is fitted with the required water efficiency measures; or (ii) producing a statutory declaration which declares that the premises is fully compliant with all the terms of this Restriction; or (iii) where the pool or spa is accredited as a SPASA EcoPool, producing a certificate from SPASA certifying the pool is an accredited EcoPool.

Restrictions on Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
3.3 Residential Premises - Water play pools and water toys.	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is <u>not permitted</u> to be used for water play pools and water toys, except where: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) The water play pool or water toy is able to recirculate the water; or b) The water play pool or water toy has a maximum capacity of 500 litres of water.
3.4 Residential Premises - Outdoor showers.	No restriction applies under Permanent Conservation Measures.

Restrictions on Non-Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
3.5 Non-Residential Premises – Public water play facilities.	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used to operate or top up a public water play facility that does not recirculate water. Water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used to top up or fill a public water play facility that recirculates water except where the written approval of the service provider has been obtained.
3.6 Non-Residential Premises - Public swimming pools.	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for the operation or topping up of a public swimming pool that does not recirculate water. For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used to top up or fill a public swimming pool that recirculates water except where the water is used on the premises in accordance with an approved water conservation plan. The requirements of this Restriction apply to premises that are within Restriction 1.3. Compliance with Restriction 1.3 does not in any way reduce the obligation to fully comply with the requirements of this Restriction.
3.7 Non-Residential Premises - Outdoor showers.	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for outdoor showers other than safety showers, except where the shower is fitted with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) a water efficient showerhead; and b) an automatic water shut-off device.

Restrictions on Non-Residential Water Use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
<p>3.8 Non-Residential Premises - Existing swimming pools and spas</p>	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for the topping up of swimming pools and spas located on the premises except where it can be demonstrated that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a written log in a form approved by the service provider is kept to track water use on a weekly basis to detect leaks and identify abnormal water use; and (b) if a leak is detected, action is taken forthwith to remedy the leak; and (c) the premises has a rainwater tank installed or a downpipe rainwater diverter installed and connected to the relevant swimming pool or spa; and (d) all available water is used from the rainwater tank or downpipe rainwater diverter for topping up the swimming pool or spa before any water from the reticulated (town) water supply system is used for that purpose; and (e) the premises also complies with the following measures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. all showerheads and taps in the common areas and public amenities areas on the premises are water efficient showerheads and water efficient taps; and B. a ‘clear view screen’ is installed on the backwash outlet line of the swimming pool or spa; and C. a sub-meter is installed by a licensed plumber on the pool or spa make-up supply line. <p>Any measure required under paragraphs (c) and (d) or sub-paragraphs B or C of paragraph (e) will not apply where the written approval of the service provider has been obtained on the basis that the water service provider is satisfied that the physical characteristics of the premises prevent compliance with the relevant measure.</p> <p>Compliance with this Restriction may be demonstrated by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) producing a certificate from a licensed plumber certifying that the premises has the measures required under items A, B and C of paragraph (e) above; or (ii) producing a statutory declaration which declares that the premises is fully compliant with all the terms of this Restriction. <p>The requirements of this Restriction apply to premises that are within Restriction 1.3. Compliance with Restriction 1.3 does not in any way reduce the obligation to fully comply with the requirements of this Restriction.</p>

4. Vehicle Washing

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
4.1 Residential Premises - Washing of vehicles.	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is permitted to be used to wash a vehicle (including a boat or a caravan) by a person other than a Mobile Commercial Operator ONLY where the water is used from a bucket or through a hand held hose or high pressure water cleaning unit.
4.2 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Washing of vehicles by a Mobile Commercial Operator.	For such premises, other than premises to which Restriction 4.5 applies, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used to wash a vehicle (including a boat or a caravan) except where the washing is undertaken by a <i>Mobile Commercial Operator</i> in accordance with the <i>Vehicle Washing Water Efficiency Guidelines</i> approved by the service provider.
4.3 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Washing of rental and chauffeured vehicles	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for washing vehicles (including boats and caravans) except where the washing is undertaken in accordance with the <i>Vehicle Washing Water Efficiency Guidelines</i> approved by the service provider.

Restrictions on Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
<p>4.4 Non-Residential Premises - Vehicle washing in a fixed permanent commercial location (including vehicle service centres, permanent bay car wash/self serve car wash and automatic car washing machines).</p>	<p>On such premises water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for the washing of vehicles in fixed permanent commercial locations except where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the vehicle washing is conducted in accordance with the <i>Vehicle Washing Water Efficiency Guidelines</i>; and (b) a service provider approved sign is displayed on the premises; and (c) a sub-meter is installed by a licensed plumber on the make-up supply line to a washing facility that consumes a significant proportion* of the total volume of water used on the premises; and (d) meter readings are taken at least weekly and written records are kept of those meter readings, the number of cars washed and the amount of water used on the premises. The written records are to be in a form approved for use by the service provider. <p>Paragraph (c) will not apply where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the written approval of the service provider as been obtained on the basis that the water service provider is satisfied that the physical characteristics of the premises prevent the installation of a sub meter; or (ii) the vehicle washing takes place at a fixed permanent commercial location that is a vehicle washing facility used solely for that purpose. <p><u>* Note: The volume of water that constitutes a 'significant proportion' is as specified in the Schedule 2 Definitions (p20).</u></p> <p>The requirements in this Restriction apply to premises that are within Restriction 1.3. Compliance with Restriction 1.3 does not in any way reduce the obligation to fully comply with the requirements of this Restriction.</p>
<p>4.5 Non-Residential Premises - Motor vehicle dealerships.</p>	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for washing vehicles (including boats and caravans) except where the washing is undertaken in accordance with the <i>Vehicle Washing Water Efficiency Guidelines</i> approved by the service provider.</p>

5. General Cleaning

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
5.1 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - General outdoor cleaning of materials and equipment.	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for general outdoor cleaning except where the water is used from a bucket or through a hand held hose or a high pressure water cleaning unit.

6. Building Washing

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
6.1 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Washing or other application of water to the external surfaces of a building or paved surfaces.	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used to wash or otherwise apply water to external surfaces of a building except where water is used from a bucket or through a hand held hose or a high pressure water cleaning unit.</p> <p>Water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used to wash or otherwise apply water to paved surfaces.</p> <p><i>Reasonable actions may be undertaken to address significant soiling of paved surfaces or to prevent material risks associated with an accident or hazard to health, safety or the environment at any time to the extent necessary to address the soiling or the risk to health, safety or the environment.</i></p> <p><i>A Mobile Commercial Operator is not to wash or otherwise apply water from the reticulated (town) supply system to the external surfaces of a building or to paved surfaces except in accordance with the External Cleaning Water Efficiency Guideline.</i></p>

7. Animal and Pet Care

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
<p>7.1 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Animal husbandry.</p>	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for animal husbandry purposes except where it can be demonstrated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. if a rainwater storage facility is not installed on the premises, then arrangements shall have commenced for the installation of such a facility; and ii. all available water from a rainwater storage facility installed on the premises will be used for animal husbandry purposes before any water from the reticulated (town) water supply system is used for those purposes; and (b) the water is used for animal welfare and survival purposes including the cleaning of animal pens and enclosures with a high pressure water cleaning unit.
<p>7.2 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Care of pets.</p>	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for pet care purposes except where the water is used for pet welfare and survival purposes including activities such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) the provision of drinking water; or b) washing a pet, provided that if a hose is used for this purpose, only a hand held hose is used; or c) cleaning pet pens and enclosures with a high pressure water cleaning unit. <p>Where a commercial operator or a <i>Mobile Commercial Operator</i> is engaged to wash a pet or clean pet pens and enclosures, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used except in accordance with the <i>Pet Washing Water Efficiency Guidelines</i> approved by the service provider.</p>

8. Building, Construction and Development

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
8.1 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Building construction.	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is permitted to be used for building and construction purposes ONLY from a bucket or through a hand held hose or high pressure water cleaning unit <u>AND</u> provided the construction site is attended at all times when water is being used on the site.
8.2 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Installation and maintenance of irrigation systems.	Refer to Restrictions 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3.

Restrictions on Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
8.3 Non-Residential Premises - Land development, subdivisional activities, State and Local Government roads and associated roadwork activities.	For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for activities associated with land development and subdivisional activities (including dust suppression, earthworks, road and service construction, landscaping, slope stabilisation or erosion control) and State or Local Government roads and associated roadwork activity except where the written approval of the service provider has been obtained.

9. Active Playing Surfaces (Sport, Recreation and Child Care)

Restrictions on Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
<p>9.1 Non-Residential Premises - Active playing surfaces.</p>	<p>On such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for the watering of active playing surfaces except where the watering is in accordance with the <i>Active Playing Surface Guidelines</i> and for all such premises (other than registered child care centres) the customer must:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. register the active playing surface with the service provider under the service provider's registration system; b. have a water meter installed; c. operate the installed water meter in accordance with the <i>Active Playing Surface Guidelines</i>. d. display a service provider approved sign on the premises; and; e. otherwise comply with any other reasonable directions of the service provider. <p>The requirements in this Restriction apply to premises that are within Restriction 1.3. Compliance with Restriction 1.3 does not in any way reduce the obligation to fully comply with the requirements of this Restriction.</p>

10. Commercial Produce and Production

Restrictions on Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
<p>10.1 Non-Residential Premises - Nurseries, turf farms and market gardens.</p>	<p>On such premises water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for watering commercial stock and production areas except where:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) the watering is conducted in accordance with a water conservation plan prepared in accordance with the <i>Water Conservation Plan Guidelines</i> that has been submitted to the service provider for approval but has not yet been approved; or b) the watering is conducted in accordance with an approved water conservation plan prepared in accordance with the <i>Water Conservation Plan Guidelines</i> and where a service provider approved sign is displayed on the premises. <p>The requirements in this Restriction apply to Non-Residential Premises that are within Restriction 1.3. Compliance with Restriction 1.3 does not in any way reduce the obligation to fully comply with the requirements of this Restriction.</p>

11. Building Water Use Efficiencies

Restrictions on Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
<p>11.1 Non-Residential Premises – Kitchen / bathroom / laundry and ablution.</p>	<p>On such premises with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) an actual annual metered water consumption of 1 ML or greater based on the most recent four quarterly rating periods, the most recent two half yearly rating periods or the last 12 month rating period (as applicable); or (b) the estimated annual consumption for the premises based on an extrapolation of the water consumption as set out in the available rating periods that is 1 ML or greater; <p>the water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for bathroom, laundry, ablution or kitchen fittings except where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) in relation to the premises the customer demonstrates to the service provider that the internal water fittings on the premises comply with the following water efficiency standards being: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) all the taps are water efficient taps; and b) all the showerheads are water efficient showerheads; and c) all the trigger sprays are water efficient trigger sprays; as defined in the Definitions Schedule 2 (p25). <p>OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (ii) the water is used on the premises in accordance with an approved water efficiency management plan prepared in accordance with the <i>WEMP Guidelines</i>. <p>The water efficiency flow rates for taps, showerheads and trigger sprays under this Restriction may be achieved by pressure control on systems or through the use of individual fitting controls.</p> <p>The requirements in this Restriction apply to premises that are within Restriction 1.3. Compliance with Restriction 1.3 does not in any way reduce the obligation to fully comply with the requirements of this Restriction.</p> <p>This Restriction does not prevent the maintenance of a minimal number of non water efficient fittings to allow the continued use of specialist equipment that needs higher flows or pressures to enable the delivery of appropriate operational, commercial or safety outcomes.</p> <p>Compliance with paragraph (i) of this Restriction is demonstrated by providing to the service provider:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. a certificate from a licensed plumber certifying that the premises is fitted with the required water efficient taps, showerheads and trigger sprays; or ii. a statutory declaration which declares that the premises is fully compliant with all the terms of this Restriction and provides information on the number of water efficient devices fitted under paragraph (i) of this Restriction.

Restrictions on Non-Residential water use	
Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
11.2 Non-Residential Premises - Urinal systems.	<p>On such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for urinals except where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) in relation to the premises the customer demonstrates to the service provider that the urinal systems are water efficient urinal systems; or b) the water is used on the premises in accordance with an approved water efficiency management plan prepared in accordance with the <i>WEMP Guidelines</i>. <p>Compliance with paragraph (a) of this Restriction is demonstrated by providing to the service provider:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. a certificate from a licensed plumber certifying that the premises is fitted with water efficient urinal systems; or ii. a statutory declaration which declares that the premises is fully compliant with all the terms of this Restriction and provides information on the number of water efficient urinals fitted under paragraph (a) of this Restriction. <p>The requirements in this Restriction apply to premises that are within Restriction 1.3. Compliance with Restriction 1.3 does not in any way reduce the obligation to fully comply with the requirements of this Restriction.</p>
11.3 Non-Residential Premises - Cooling towers.	<p>On such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used within cooling towers except where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the water is used on the premises in accordance with a water conservation plan (WCP) which has been prepared and submitted to the service provider for approval in accordance with the <i>WCP Guidelines</i>; but has not yet been approved, or (b) the service provider has granted written approval to the entity operating the premises to submit a water conservation plan by a particular date; or (c) the water is used on the premises in accordance with an water conservation plan; and (d) for premises where a water conservation plan has been submitted or an approved water conservation plan applies and paragraph (e) applies, the customer provides an annual written report to the service provider in accordance with the <i>WCP Guidelines</i>; and (e) in every case, where the operation of a cooling tower consumes a significant proportion* of the total volume of water used on the premises then: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. a sub-meter is to be installed by a licensed plumber on the supply line to, and the bleed valve from, each independent cooling tower or group of cooling towers with shared supply and cooling water; and B. for each sub-meter, a written record is to be kept in accordance with the requirements of the <i>WCP Guidelines</i>. <p><u>*Note: the volume of water that constitutes a 'significant proportion' is as specified in Schedule 2 Definitions (p20).</u></p> <p>The requirements in this Restriction apply to premises that are within Restriction 1.3. Compliance with Restriction 1.3 does not in any way reduce the obligation to fully comply with the requirements of this Restriction.</p>

12. Parks and Reserves

Restrictions on Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
12.1 Non-Residential Premises - Road reserves, Local, State and Commonwealth government reserves and Council parks.	<p>a) For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is permitted to be used for the watering of road reserves, Local, State and Commonwealth government reserves and Council parks if the activity is allowed under Restriction 8.3;</p> <p>b) Water from the reticulated (town) supply system is permitted to be used for the watering of Council parks in accordance with an approved water conservation plan formulated specifically for that purpose.</p>

13. Water Features and Water Storage

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential water use

Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
13.1 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Fountains and ponds.	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is <u>not permitted</u> to be used for the filling or the topping up of fountains or ponds, except where the fountain or pond:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i). recirculates the water; or (ii). uses a maximum of 200 litres of water per week; or (iii). is an approved Water Feature of Significance (as defined in the Definitions Schedule 2 (p26)).
13.2 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Fish ponds, frog ponds or outdoor aquariums.	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used for the filling or the topping up of fish ponds, frog ponds or outdoor aquariums, except where the fish pond, frog pond or outdoor aquarium:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i). recirculates the water; or (ii). uses a maximum of 200 litres of water per week.
13.3 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Lakes, dams and other water storage facilities.	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is <u>not permitted</u> to be used for the topping up or the filling of lakes, dams and other water storage facilities.</p> <p>This Restriction does not apply to drinking water from the reticulated (town) supply system that is lawfully used for washing or cleaning purposes and which is then collected in detention ponds.</p>
13.4 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Rainwater tanks and rainwater storage facilities.	<p>For such premises, water from the reticulated (town) supply system is not permitted to be used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) whether directly by use of a hose or other device connected to the reticulated (town) supply system; or (b) indirectly from a water tanker or other container containing water sourced from the reticulated (town) supply system, <p>for the filling, partial filling or topping up of a rainwater tank or rainwater storage facility on the premises except where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) topping up of the rainwater tank occurs using a mains trickle top-up system installed by a licensed plumber for the purposes of supplying water to toilet cisterns, washing machine cold water taps or other fixtures specified in a local planning instrument or approved by the service provider; or (ii) the premises is not connected to the reticulated (town) supply system and consequently depends upon the rainwater tank or rainwater storage facility as the primary source of water supply for the premises.

Restrictions on Residential and Non-Residential water use	
Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
13.5 Residential and Non-Residential Premises - Rainwater tanks and outside watering and washing.	<p>a) Water from the reticulated (town) supply system which is stored in a rainwater tank via any means cannot be used for any outdoor watering or washing except in accordance with this Water Restriction.</p> <p>b) Water from a rainwater tank which is connected to a mains trickle top-up system cannot be used for any outdoor watering or washing except in accordance with this Water Restriction. (Refer <i>section 41(3) Water Supply (Safety & Reliability) Act 2008.</i>)</p>

14. Traveller Accommodation

Restrictions on Non-Residential Water Use	
Category of Water Use	Water Restriction
14.1 Non-Residential Premises - Premises used to provide traveller accommodation.	<p>For such premises, an accommodation provider is not permitted to use water from the reticulated (town) supply system for the purpose of providing traveller accommodation on the premises except where the accommodation provider clearly displays information about water conservation measures.</p> <p>Such material may be available from the Toowoomba Regional Council website or other website as advised by the service provider, or from within the accommodation industry. In all cases, such material must be acceptable to Toowoomba Regional Council.</p> <p>The information must be displayed in:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> every bathroom within an accommodation unit on the premises; and every shared bathing facility or ablution block on the premises. <p>The requirements in this Restriction apply to premises that are also subject to the requirements of Restriction 11.1 and 11.2. Compliance with Restriction 11.1 and 11.2 does not in any way reduce the obligation to fully comply with the requirements of this Restriction.</p>

SCHEDULE 2

Definitions

Unless a contrary intention appears, definitions used in the Act apply to the interpretation of this Service Provider Water Restriction:

Act means the *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*.

“accommodation provider” means a person who operates a business that provides traveller accommodation.

“accommodation unit” means a room or other unit of accommodation over which a guest is given possession and use by an accommodation provider.

active playing surface means:

- a) a turf cricket wicket and practising wickets;
- b) a grass running or race track;
- c) a bicycle race course;
- d) a green (that is, croquet, bowling or golf);
- e) a golf tee off area;
- f) a tennis court;
- g) a synthetic hockey pitch or synthetic bowling green;
- h) any other principal part of a sportsground used during a sport game or competition, but does not include the surrounding grassed surface of a sporting oval or a golf fairway; or
- i) designated soft fall and grassed play areas in registered child care centres.

Active Playing Surface Guidelines means the best practice guidelines for active playing surfaces of sportsgrounds, published from time to time by the service provider.

animal husbandry means the keeping of animals, birds or poultry (whether domesticated or livestock) for raising or breeding on premises including Council pounds that have more than five pens, kennels or other enclosures or more than two stalls or where the occupier of the premises derives annual gross revenue of \$5,000 or greater from the activity.

approved watering device means the following devices filled directly from a tap or approved watering device during the times specified in Restrictions 2.1 and 2.3 for the particular premises:

- a) a bucket or watering can; or
- b) a drip watering device gravity-fed from a container with a capacity of 2 litres or less.

approved water efficiency management plan means a water efficiency management plan approved under chapter 2, part 3, division 6 of the *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*.

bucket means a bucket and other similar vessels with a volume capacity of 20 litres or less.

building construction means all forms of building construction including the construction of driveways and pathways, concrete, masonry and general building activities which is undertaken on a commercial or non commercial basis and includes painting and the preparation for painting/re-surfacing but does not include garden watering.

caravan park means caravan, mobile, non mobile home sites and individual caravans, mobile and non mobile homes and all common areas and communal facilities located within the premises other than:

- a) a manufactured home placed on a site within the premises pursuant to a site agreement within the meaning of the *Manufactured Homes (Residential Parks) Act 2003* that is connected to separate water metering facilities; or
- b) a caravan that is not owned by the caravan park owner/operator and is placed on a site within the premises that is connected to separate water metering facilities.

care of pets means the care of animals kept as pets (other than animal husbandry).

Carnival gardens means gardens and lawns which form part of an official entry in the upcoming Carnival of Flowers Garden Competition.

chauffeured vehicle means a vehicle hired with a driver for a special purpose including a wedding car, limousine or other luxury vehicle.

chief executive means the chief executive officer of the Department of Environment and Resource Management (DERM).

cooling tower means an open recirculating cooling water system used to extract heat from processes or equipment on premises. Examples include air conditioning chillers, industrial processes and related equipment. However, a cooling tower does not include cooling equipment that directly cools supply air by evaporation (commonly referred to as 'swamp' or evaporative coolers) for the purpose of space conditioning.

Council means Toowoomba Regional Council as established under the *Local Government Act 1993*.

customer includes a new customer of a service provider from time to time.

downpipe rainwater diverter means a device designed to divert rainwater as required from a downpipe fitted to a gutter to an outlet capable of attaching to a hose or stormwater pipe.

efficient irrigation system means a system designed to:

- a) use water efficiently within the volume and time limits set by Restrictions to maintain a healthy, functional garden or lawn without exceeding the water requirements of the garden or lawn; and
- b) operate in accordance with the Commission *Efficient Irrigation for Water Conservation Guideline*.

efficient sprinkler means a non-fixed watering device that is designed to:

- a) attach to a hose;
- b) be moved around in order to irrigate a garden or lawn;
- c) use water efficiently within the volume and time limits set by Restrictions to maintain a healthy, functional garden or lawn without exceeding the water requirements of the garden or lawn; and
- d) operate in accordance with the Commission *Efficient Irrigation for Water Conservation Guideline*.

Evaluation Criteria means in the context of setting an alternate submission date for a WEMP, or the review of an implementation date for a measure contained in a Restriction set out in this Service Provider Water Restriction (where the service provider has a discretion to vary such a date), the following criteria being:

- a) The extent of the immediate financial impact of compliance with this Service Provider Water Restriction on the entity owning or operating a particular affected premises;
- b) The ability of such an entity to access information or the external resources that are reasonably necessary or required to undertake the action or measure;
- c) The past actions of the entity in respect of the particular premises in achieving water efficiencies prior to the commencement of this Service Provider Water Restriction;
- d) The actions that have been taken by the entity in respect of the particular premises to comply with this Service Provider Water Restriction; and
- e) Whether the alternate dates proposed by the entity to undertake the action or measure are reasonable in all the circumstances.

External Building Washing (Mobile Operator) Best Practice Guidelines means the best practice guidelines for washing external surfaces of a building or paved surfaces by a Mobile Commercial Operator, published from time to time by the service provider.

external surfaces of a building means

- a) the external walls of a building;
- b) the external roof areas of a building;
- c) the external windows and glass areas of a building; and
- d) the outdoor entertainment areas of a building.

fountain: means any indoor or outdoor ornamental fountain/water feature.

garden means any ground used for the cultivation of, or in which there are situated trees, shrubs, flowers, plants, vegetables, or vegetation of any kind including plants in pots or tubs and excluding lawn.

guest means a person for whom accommodation is provided by an accommodation provider.

hand held hose means a hose fitted with a trigger nozzle or twist action nozzle that is held by hand, by or at the nozzle, when it is used.

heritage garden means a garden that is heritage listed or nominated by a Council or other relevant body.

high pressure water cleaning unit means a machine that operates a pump to increase the pressure of the water delivered from a trigger nozzle forming part of the machine.

Implementation Date means:

for a water efficiency management plan that is required to be submitted to the service provider - a date that is 12 months (or other period as advised by the service provider) after the receipt of a notice from the service provider that the water efficiency management plan is required to be prepared.

lawn means an expanse of grass-covered land that is usually associated with a garden, but does not include active playing surfaces.

licensed plumber means a plumber appropriately licensed under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002*.

Local Government road means a road over which local government has control under the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Local, State and Commonwealth government reserves means land under government custodianship reserved for public benefit purposes.

manufactured home means a structure, other than a caravan or tent that has the character of a dwelling house that is designed to be able to be moved from one position to another and is not permanently attached to land within the meaning of the *Manufactured Homes (Residential Parks) Act 2003*.

market garden means an area used for the production of vegetables, flowers, fruit or other produce on a basis reasonably considered to be on a commercial scale where the annual gross revenue derived from the operation is greater than \$5,000 or where the area under cultivation is greater than 400 square metres.

ML Megalitre means million (1,000,000) litres of water drawn from reticulated (town) supply system. This equates to 1,000 kilolitres (kL).

Mobile Commercial Operator means a person or entity conducting a business which is primarily focused on delivering the relevant service contemplated in the particular Restriction and where:

- a) the service is delivered for a fee or reward on a commercial basis;
- b) the business has an Australian Business Number; and
- c) the business is registered, the operator is trained and the business otherwise operates in accordance with relevant guidelines as may be published from time to time by or on behalf of the service provider.

Non-Residential Premises means premises that are not residential premises including business premises, industrial premises, factory premises, commercial office premises, Commonwealth, State and Local government premises, hotels, private training centres, nursing homes, hostels, public and private hospitals, caravan parks, Retirement Villages, churches and convents, halls and show grounds, neighbourhood centres, shopping centres, sporting clubs, medical and dental clinics, transport depots, nurseries, market gardens, turf farms, farms, education facilities (including universities, State and private schools), conference centres, childcare centres, kindergartens, parks and gardens of significance (as determined by a Council), heritage gardens and sportsgrounds, public beaches and the common property of a community title scheme under the *Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997* or under the *Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980*.

nursery means an area used for the production or sale of plants on a basis reasonably considered to be on a commercial scale where the annual gross revenue derived from the operation is greater than \$5,000 or where the area under cultivation is greater than 100 square metres.

outdoor entertainment area means a patio, deck, balcony or courtyard area of a building which is used as a meals area or for socialising, hobbies or entertainment purposes.

outdoor shower means any shower that is not affixed in an internal area within a building on a Residential Premises or Non-Residential Premises.

parks and gardens of significance means a park or a garden which is identified as significant by the Toowoomba Regional Council.

paved surfaces means paved areas such as streets, paths and driveways and, where they are not an outdoor entertainment area, patios, courtyards, verandas, decks or similar areas with surface areas of bitumen, concrete, rock, timber, masonry, metal or other hard material.

Pet Washing Best Practice Guidelines means the best practice guidelines for washing pets by a Mobile Commercial Operator, published from time to time by the service provider.

pond means an artificially formed small body of water used for ornamental purposes but does not include a swimming pool, fish pond, frog pond or outdoor aquarium.

pre-painting preparation activities means the cleaning of the external surfaces of a Residential Premises or Non-Residential Premises or paved surfaces no more than 20 days prior to painting.

pre-sale preparation activities means the cleaning of the external surfaces of a Residential Premises or Non-Residential Premises or paved surfaces for the intended sale of the premises for example if a contract for listing the premises has been signed by the owner.

public swimming pool means a swimming pool which is managed by a Council, tertiary education institution or other commercial operator but does not include a swimming pool located on non-residential premises such as a school, hotel or motel.

rainwater storage facility means either a dam or rainwater tank or a combination of both with a combined minimum capacity of 10,000 litres.

rainwater tank means a covered tank with a minimum capacity of 1000 litres designed and installed specifically for the purpose of collecting rainwater from a building and any stand or other structure that supports the tank.

recirculate means pool water is cycled through a filtration system.

renovated swimming pool or spa means a swimming pool or spa that has been emptied to at least 75% of its normal capacity for the purposes of undertaking repairs to the pool or spa.

resident means a person who primarily resides at the premises.

Residential Premises means a house (single dwelling), townhouse, unit, block of flats, boarding house or any other form of permanent residential accommodation but does not include nursing homes, caravan parks, hostels or Retirement Villages.

reticulated (town) supply system means a system of water distribution infrastructure operated by a service provider delivering potable (drinking quality) water to premises in the local government area of the service provider, directly to the premises through the distribution system or indirectly to the premises in a water tanker or other container containing water that has been sourced from the reticulated supply system; the system also includes a rainwater tank which contains any water sourced from the reticulated water supply system including rainwater tanks employing a trickle top-up system. However, the system does not include a rainwater tank that is connected to a house via an automatic switching valve for the purpose of maintaining supply to internal toilet cisterns, washing machine cold water taps or other fixtures specified in a local planning instrument where stored rainwater is sourced directly from an outlet from a tank or upstream from the automatic switching valve.

Retirement Village means premises that are subject to a retirement village scheme under the *Retirement Villages Act 1999* other than a lot included in a community titles scheme within the meaning of the *Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997* or the *Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980*.

safety shower means a shower in Non-Residential Premises designed and installed specifically for emergency wash down purposes (for example, burns or chemical spills).

service provider means Toowoomba Regional Council.

service provider approved sign means a sign that complies with the standard signage issued by the relevant service provider and displays the appropriate permit or approval number if a permit or approval number has been issued as part of the approval process put in place by the service provider.

significant proportion means:

- a) Greater than 30% and less than 85% of total water use for premises using less than 50ML/year; or
- b) Greater than 15% and less than 85% of total water use for premises using 50 ML/year or greater.

spa means a small pool or facility through which aerated water is pumped and which is primarily used for recreation. The term includes a mobile or portable spa but excludes a spa that is installed in a bathroom.

SPASA EcoPool means a pool or spa installation that has been accredited by the Swimming Pool & Spa Association of Queensland Inc. (SPASA), and incorporates the required range of appropriate water efficiency features.

sportsground means any land used or adapted for use for the purpose of any sport, game, contest or any other form of recreation by any public authority, business, company, trust, club, school, institution, or like organisation.

State Government Road means a state controlled road within the meaning of the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*.

swimming pool means a pool that is permanently attached to a filter system.

swimming pool or spa cover means:

- a) if purchased prior to 4 December 2006, a cover which floats or is attached to the sides of the pool, is designed specifically for the purpose of reducing evaporation from a pool or spa and which is not more than 30 cm above the water surface; or
- b) if purchased from 4 December 2006 a cover that has at least a 400 micron thickness (400 thousandths of a millimetre) and which is approved as a pool cover under the *Smart Approved WaterMark Scheme*.

trigger nozzle or twist action nozzle means a nozzle, controlled by a trigger, button, twist action or similar mechanism which must be controlled by hand for the water to flow.

traveller accommodation means accommodation provided for use by members of the travelling public as part of a commercial transaction. Without limit, examples of traveller accommodation include hotels, motels, bed and breakfasts, resorts, hostels, backpackers, caravan parks, farm stays, serviced apartments, boarding houses, guest houses and short stay dwellings.

turf farm means an area of 1,000 square metres or greater used for the production of turf that would reasonably be considered to be on a commercial scale.

unattended watering device means any watering device which is not attended by a person, including, but not restricted to sprinklers, in ground and above ground irrigation systems and soaker hoses; and does not include an approved watering device.

vehicle means a conveyance that is designed to be propelled or drawn by any means and includes a motor vehicle, motorbike, trailer, caravan, boat or aircraft whether registered for use on roads or not.

Vehicle Washing Guidelines means the best practice guidelines for washing of vehicles, published from time to time by the service provider.

Water Conservation Plan (WCP) means a plan:

- a) prepared in accordance with WCP Guidelines published from time to time by the service provider;
- b) which has been submitted to the relevant service provider for approval in accordance with the requirements of this Restriction;
- c) is capable of third party certification;
- d) contains details of how either a water consumption reduction of 25% (compared to the water year 2005-06) or best practice water consumption efficiency (whichever is the lesser) is being achieved, or will be achieved in the timeframe nominated by the service provider for the types of water uses on the premises;
- e) contains an outline of the quantity of water savings that will be achieved and the program timelines for achieving those water savings.

Water Conservation Plan (WCP) Guidelines means Guidelines issued from time to time by the service provider and which deal with issues relating to a water conservation plan including:

- a) approval processes for a water conservation plan;
- b) the review and monitoring of a water conservation plan;
- c) the level of commitment by an organisation to comply with a water conservation plan;
- d) the making of amendments to a water conservation plan; and
- e) the timeframes for implementation of a water conservation plan.

Water Efficiency Management Plan (WEMP) means a plan:

- a) prepared in accordance with WEMP Guidelines published from time to time by the Department of Environment and Resource Management (DERM);
- b) which has been submitted to the relevant service provider for approval in accordance with the requirements of the Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008;
- c) is capable of third party certification;

- d) contains details of how either a water consumption reduction of 25% (compared to the water year 2005-06) or best practice water consumption efficiency (whichever is the lesser) is being achieved, or will be achieved in the timeframe nominated by the service provider for the types of water uses on the premises;
- e) contains an outline of the quantity of water savings that will be achieved and the program timelines for achieving these water savings.

Water Efficiency Management Plan (WEMP) Guidelines means Guidelines issued from time to time by the service provider and which deal with issues relating to a water efficiency management plan including:

- a) approval processes for a water efficiency management plan;
- b) the review and monitoring of a water efficiency management plan;
- c) the level of commitment by an organisation to comply with a water efficiency management plan;
- d) the making of amendments to a water efficiency management plan; and
- e) the timeframes for implementation of a water efficiency management plan.

water efficient showerhead means a showerhead that has a 3 star rating or better under the Australian Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Scheme or a showerhead that has a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute.

water efficient tap means a tap that has a 3 star rating or better under the Australian Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Scheme or a tap that has a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute.

water efficient toilet means

- a) for new dwellings and premises, a toilet that has a 4 Star rating (4.5/3 L) or better under the Australian Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Scheme;
- b) for retrofits and renovations, a toilet that has a 4 Star rating (4.5/3 L) or better under the Australian Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Scheme;
- c) for existing installations, it means a toilet that has a 1 Star rating (9/4.5 L) or better under the Australian Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Scheme.

water efficient trigger spray means a trigger spray that has a 3 star rating or better under the Australian Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Scheme or a trigger spray that has a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute.

water efficient urinal systems means:

- a) a combination of a urinal and a urinal control flushing mechanism that is:
 - A. rated four star or better under the Australian Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Scheme; or
 - B. flushing of no more than 1.5 litres per stall or 600 mm width of continuous wall initiated automatically or triggered by user presence or urinal usage with the ability to delay flush initiation by time or triggers; or
 - C. flushing of no more than 1.5 litres per stall or 600 mm width of continuous wall which is activated by cord, chain, button or other control; or
- b) a urinal system that is operated with a maximum daily water use of 10 litres per stall or 600 mm of continuous wall.

water efficient washing machine means a washing machine that :

- a) if purchased prior to 4 December 2006,
 - A. is a front loading washing machine; or
 - B. has water consumption corresponding to a 4 Star or better as described in AS6400: 2005, Annex E, Table E1, Clothes washing machines water consumption by star rating; or
 - C. has a rating of AAAA or better.
- b) if purchased after 4 December 2006, is a washing machine that has a 4 Star rating or better under the Australian Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Scheme.

watering can means a watering can or other similar vessel with a volume capacity of 20 litres or less.

water play facilities means facilities (whether or not permanently attached to a filter system) in non-commercial or public places where water sprays, pools and other water features are used predominantly for recreation and children's play activities.

water play pool means a play pool that is not a swimming pool.

water toy means any toy that is operated by running water supplied by a hose.

Water Use Assessment Form means a report that is to be completed and submitted by the occupier of premises which, sets out details of water usage in a form that may be specified by the relevant water service provider and which may include information regarding the following:

- (a) average number of occupants using water on the premises in the period specified by the water service provider;
- (b) number of taps and fittings within the premises and whether these are water efficient taps, water efficient showerheads and water efficient toilets;
- (c) number of water using appliances used on the premises and whether these appliances are water efficient;
- (d) details of any swimming pool or spa on the premises;
- (e) details of any animal husbandry activities undertaken on the premises;
- (f) size and usage on any rainwater tank(s) installed on the premises; and
- (g) details of the use of water for other regularly undertaken activities including the watering of gardens and pot plants.

Water Feature of Significance means a water feature which is:

- a) Deemed by Council to have significant community value and benefit, in terms of recreation, tourism or community wellbeing,
- b) Located in community open space, and accessible by members of the community,
- c) Operated to recirculate water as part of its normal function,
- d) Regularly maintained in an appropriately water efficient condition,
- e) Listed in a Water Feature of Significance register, maintained by Council.